

PRODUCTION OF FLUORENONE

Patent Number:

JP7082206

Publication date:

1995-03-28

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Requested Patent:

JP7082206

Application Number:

JP19930228389 19930914

Priority Number(s):

IPC Classification:

C07C49/675; B01J31/02; C07C45/36; C07C45/80

EC Classification:

Equivalents:

Abstract

PURPOSE: To improve the production process for fluorenone by oxidizing fluorene dispersed in a mixture of aqueous sodium hydroxide and an organic solvent immiscible with water with molecular oxygen in the presence of a quaternary ammonium salt.

CONSTITUTION: An organic solvent having 80 to 150 deg.C standard boiling point such as toluene is used to effect oxidation reaction at a temperature lower than 100 deg.C so that the water vaporized during the oxidation reaction is accompanied by the exhaust gas after and removed out of the reactor. The oxidation reaction is accelerated and the reaction mixture can readily be separated into the oil phase and the aqueous phase and the recovered sodium hydroxide solution can be reused without concentration and the consumption of the catalyst can be saved. The product can readily be separated from the solvent by single distillation.

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ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:650431 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:82971
TITLE: Preparation of **fluorenone** from
fluorene
INVENTOR(S): Ito, Ikuo; Sato, Toshio; Yamaguchi, Hiromichi;
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PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumikin Kako Kk, Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07082206	A2	19950328	JP 1993-228389	19930914
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-228389	19930914

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:82971

AB **Fluorenone** (I) is prepared by blowing mol. O to **fluorene** (II)-containing materials at $\leq 100^\circ$ in the presence of quaternary ammonium salts in a heterogeneous system containing aqueous alkali solns. and H₂O-immiscible organic solvents with b.p. 80-150° with removing resulting H₂O by accompanying exhaust gases used in the reaction. The alkali solns. can be separated from the reaction mixts. and recycled. Diluted air was introduced to a mixture of II-containing oil, MePh, aqueous 40% NaOH,

and

Quartamin D 86P (**distearyldimethylammonium chloride**) at 50° with removing the air and H₂O to give 95% I.